

	Animal Adaptations	
arning	Time: : : Date:	
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Choose the correct answer.

1. How does a lionfish protect itself?



- Shooting out a stream of ink to confuse its prey.
-) Sharp poisonous spines



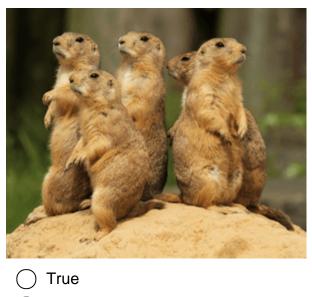
2. Which of these helps a beaver survive?



Paddle-type feetStrong teeth

State whether the following statement is true or false.

3. Prairie dogs build their homes in trees.



) False



Choose the correct answer.

4. Why does the weaverbird make the entrance to its nest at the bottom?



- \bigcirc It is easier for it to enter.
- It makes it difficult for hungry predators to get in.
-) Prevents the nest from flooding during rains
-) Both B and C

5. Why does a polar bear have nostrils which it can close?



- To keep its nose warm
 To keep water out of its nose when it swims underwater
- 6. What is the meaning of camouflage?



Camouflage of a butterfly on the bark of a tree

- Hiding out in plain sight but hard to see
-) A type of object to hide behind



7. How are the cheetah's claws adapted for running?



It can draw its claws in for running.
 They are blunt and thick.

State whether the following statement is true or false.

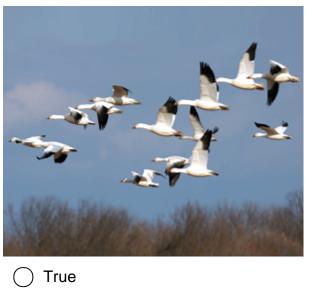
8. Some smaller animals in the desert adapt to the dry conditions by not drinking very often.



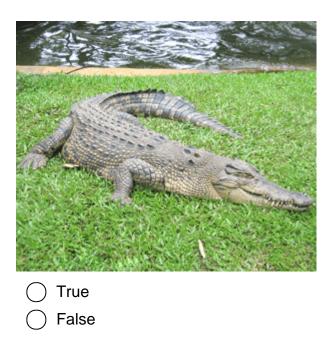
) False



9. Birds always migrate to find warmer weather.



- False
- 10. The saltwater crocodile has special glands that help it rid its body of salt.





11. Some animals hibernate through the cold winter to stay alive.



TrueFalse

Choose the correct answer.

12. Why do white arctic foxes and arctic hares change their color when spring comes?



Arctic Fox in spring

Arctic hare in spring

) Their winter coat is too warm.

 \bigcirc They have to blend in with the spring colors.



13. Where do lemmings and shrews in the tundra spend their winters so they can survive?



- C Lemmings and shrews leave the tundra for warmer areas.
- C Lemmings and shrews keep warm by digging tunnels under the snow.
- 14. All animals need food, water, shelter and _____.
 -) air
 -) warm fur



15. How do penguins survive in the cold Antarctic?



They have a thick layer of fat.They have thick, close-fitting fur.

